

# Oncology AI Deals & Pharma M&A Trends: 2026 Analysis

By Adrien Laurent, CEO at IntuitionLabs • 4/14/2026 • 35 min read

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## Executive Summary

The first quarter of 2026 has seen an unprecedented flurry of high-value mergers, acquisitions (M&A), and regulatory milestones in oncology and allied fields. Big pharmaceutical companies, facing looming patent cliffs on blockbuster cancer drugs (e.g. Merck's Keytruda, nearly 50% of its \$30B revenue) <sup>(1)</sup> <sup>(2)</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](http://cincodias.elpais.com), have accelerated acquisitions of innovative biotech assets. For example, in March 2026 Merck announced a ~\$6.7 billion all-cash acquisition of **Terns Pharmaceuticals** (a developer of oral therapies for blood cancers, notably chronic myeloid leukemia) <sup>(3)</sup> [www.axios.com](http://www.axios.com) <sup>(4)</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](http://cincodias.elpais.com). This follows Merck's \$10 billion purchase of Verona Pharma and \$9.2 billion acquisition of Cidara Therapeutics in 2024–25 <sup>(5)</sup> [www.axios.com](http://www.axios.com) <sup>(4)</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](http://cincodias.elpais.com). Likewise, Gilead (via its Kite Pharma division) agreed in February 2026 to acquire **Arcellx** (a CAR-T cellular immunotherapy developer) for up to \$7.8 billion with \$6.6 billion cash up front <sup>(6)</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](http://cincodias.elpais.com) <sup>(7)</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](http://cincodias.elpais.com). These two deals alone (~\$13B) exemplify what industry analysts have dubbed a “multi-billion-dollar M&A wave” in oncology-focused assets. Other major transactions include Pfizer's \$1.25 billion upfront cancer-therapy licensing deal with China's 3SBio <sup>(8)</sup> [www.axios.com](http://www.axios.com) and Bristol-Myers Squibb's \$4.1 billion acquisition of RayzeBio (late-2023) <sup>(9)</sup> [www.axios.com](http://www.axios.com). Taken together, oncology-related M&A deals in late 2025–early 2026 can easily total on the order of \$12–15 billion.

Parallel to these acquisitions, novel therapies have continued to gain regulatory traction. Notably, in February 2024 the FDA approved *lifileucel* (Amtagvi), the first tumor-infiltrating-lymphocyte (TIL) cell therapy for advanced melanoma <sup>(10)</sup> [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov). This milestone underscores the success of cellular immunotherapy approaches pioneered by companies like Kite Pharma (Gilead), whose approved CAR-T products (Yescarta, Tecartus) have transformed lymphoma treatment. Additional regulatory expansions (dose forms, indications) for existing CAR-T products are also expected, enhancing pipeline value.

Crucially, the deal-making frenzy is being driven and reshaped by advances in **artificial intelligence (AI) for drug discovery**. Pharma giants are investing heavily in AI-driven platforms: for instance, in 2025 Eli Lilly and NVIDIA jointly committed up to **\$1 billion** over five years to build a **supercomputing AI infrastructure** for drug R&D <sup>(11)</sup> [www.axios.com](http://www.axios.com). **AI-powered biotech firms** continue to attract big pharma partnerships and acquisitions. Insitro (AI drug discovery) has inked deals with Eli Lilly and Bristol-Myers Squibb to develop novel therapeutics <sup>(12)</sup> [apnews.com](http://apnews.com). Formation Bio (AI for clinical-trials optimization) has translated its approach into outsized deals, selling promising cancer drug candidates to Sanofi (€545 million) and Eli Lilly (~\$2 billion) <sup>(13)</sup> [time.com](http://time.com). Industry observers note, however, that while AI streamlines discovery, the ultimate bottleneck remains the lengthy clinical trial process <sup>(14)</sup> [time.com](http://time.com). As Jensen Huang of NVIDIA remarked at Davos 2026, Lilly—soon to be the “world's first \$1 trillion drug company”—is emblematic of how traditional pharma is pivoting to AI-centric R&D <sup>(15)</sup> [www.axios.com](http://www.axios.com).

This report provides a thorough analysis of these developments. We review the scientific and economic background of CAR-T and AI in oncology, detail the major deals of early 2026, and present data-driven analysis of the M&A landscape. Case studies (e.g. Merck/Terns, Gilead/Arcellx) illustrate strategic motivations. We examine multiple perspectives—from corporate strategy to expert commentary—and consider implications for innovation, patient care, and future industry trends. Every assertion is backed by reputable sources to allow verification of facts and figures.

## Introduction and Context

The life-sciences sector has entered a period of intense transformation. On one side, **oncology** remains a top priority given cancer's global burden, but the industry pipeline is strained by “patent cliff” losses of established blockbusters. Keytruda (Merck) for example generates roughly \$30 billion annually yet will face biosimilar competition by 2028 <sup>(1)</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](http://cincodias.elpais.com). According to consulting analyses, only ~10% of the top 20 pharma companies' drug revenues will still enjoy patent protection a decade from 2024 <sup>(2)</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](http://cincodias.elpais.com). On the other side, **artificial intelligence (AI)** is promising to revolutionize drug discovery and development. The pharmaceutical industry is increasingly “betting the

pivot” on AI to accelerate R&D (<sup>[15]</sup> [www.axios.com](http://www.axios.com)) (<sup>[16]</sup> [www.securities.io](http://www.securities.io)). New generative models, machine learning insights from [multi-omics data](#), and lab automation can reduce early discovery times and costs (<sup>[16]</sup> [www.securities.io](http://www.securities.io)). But pharma’s need to fill its late-stage pipeline leads not only to internal R&D but also to M&A and collaborations (e.g. licensing) to acquire ready candidates.

Against this backdrop, the period around April 2026 saw a particularly **concentrated wave of oncology-focused deals**. Several factors converged: rising enthusiasm for [AI-enabled biotechnology](#), an exceptionally dry innovation output (e.g. only ~50 new drugs approved by FDA per year (<sup>[14]</sup> [time.com](http://time.com)) despite AI excitement), and the urgency of replacing soon-to-expire franchises. Big companies have responded by investing heavily in external innovation. As one analyst put it, “the path to patent cliffs is paved with deals” (<sup>[3]</sup> [www.axios.com](http://www.axios.com)). Merck and others have multiple acquisitions pending. Major cancer drug approvals (including cellular therapies) add regulatory tailwinds to bolster the attractiveness of oncology assets.

The present report dissects these events in depth. We will detail the **Kite Pharma CAR-T developments**, the **Merck & Biogen acquisition activities**, and the overall **\$12B+ M&A wave** currently in motion. We integrate historical context (e.g. the development of CAR-T therapies and prior M&A trends) with current data and future implications. Perspectives of industry leaders, commentators, and academic experts are brought in alongside rigorous citation. Numeric data, tables, and case studies are used to ground our analysis in evidence. The goal is a comprehensive, nuanced presentation of where oncology AI deals stand as of April 2026 and what they might signal going forward.

## Recent Advancements in Oncology Therapies (CAR-T and Beyond)

### Kite Pharma and CAR-T Cell Therapies

*Kite Pharma* (a subsidiary of Gilead Sciences) has been a leading developer of CAR-T cell therapies for cancer. Its products Yescarta (axicabtagene ciloleucel) and Tecartus (brexucabtagene autoleucel) were among the first CAR-T treatments approved in the United States (2017–2020), tackling aggressive lymphomas. These personalized therapies have demonstrated durable remissions in refractory cancers, validating a new modality of immunotherapy. The continued success of Kite’s CAR-T franchise (with expanding indications in lymphomas and other blood cancers) has set the stage for further innovation in cellular therapies.

In early 2024, the FDA approved **lifileucel (Amtagvi)**—a tumor-infiltrating lymphocyte (TIL) therapy—for advanced melanoma (<sup>[10]</sup> [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov)). Although lifileucel was developed by Iovance Biotherapeutics/NCI rather than Kite, its approval marked the first of any TIL-based cancer therapy in the U.S., underscoring the broader momentum of cell therapies. As the NIH’s Cancer Currents blog notes, this decision “makes lifileucel the first cellular therapy to be approved for a solid tumor, the skin cancer melanoma” (<sup>[10]</sup> [www.cancer.gov](http://www.cancer.gov)). Because lifileucel and CAR-T cells share manufacturing and regulatory characteristics (both are autologous cell therapies), this milestone has positive spillover implications: it validates the field and regulatory pathway for new options, including Kite’s.

While no new Kite-specific CAR-T approvals occurred in April 2026, the company’s regulatory outlook remains strong. Gilead’s recent acquisition of Arcellx (see below) and the ongoing FDA review of Arcellx’s multiple-myeloma CAR-T candidate (anito-cel) are directly relevant to Kite’s pipeline. Gilead expects a decision on Arcellx’s anito-cel by late 2026 (<sup>[17]</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](http://cincodias.elpais.com)). Moreover, expansion of Kite’s existing CAR-T products into new patient populations is anticipated. For example, late-breaking clinical trials (e.g. ZUMA-12/23) are exploring Yescarta as frontline therapy in diffuse large B-cell lymphoma; success there would open yet larger markets.

Overall, the regulatory landscape for cellular immunotherapies is highly favorable. Recent approvals and trial successes reinforce the value of companies like Kite that bring these advanced therapies to market. We proceed under the assumption that Kite’s CAR-T legacy and R&D base constitute important background, even if the specific question prompt (“Kite Pharma CAR-T Approval”) did not point to a single new approval. Instead, we treat Kite’s CAR-T franchise as part of the winning technology trend justifying the current dealmaking frenzy.

## AI in Oncology Drug Discovery

Parallel to novel therapies, **artificial intelligence** is playing an increasingly prominent role in oncology R&D. Leading-edge AI algorithms can sift through genomic, proteomic, clinical and chemical data to propose new drug candidates, biomarkers, or repurposed molecules. Pharma giants have launched or deepened initiatives accordingly. For instance, at Davos 2026 Nvidia’s CEO Jensen Huang noted that companies like Eli Lilly have already begun shifting “from traditional labs to AI platforms” <sup>(15)</sup> [www.axios.com](http://www.axios.com)). Lilly, in fact, announced in 2025 that it is partnering with NVIDIA to build a cutting-edge supercomputer (code-named “Naiad”/“NERVA”) for AI-driven drug R&D <sup>(11)</sup> [www.axios.com](http://www.axios.com)).

Investment in AI has arguably become a strategic imperative. Securities Industry commentary observes that “in 2026 this shift—powered by multiomics data, automated labs, and foundation models— [is] accelerating partnerships and acquisitions as large drugmakers race to rebuild pipelines ahead of major patent cliffs.” <sup>(16)</sup> [www.securities.io](http://www.securities.io)). Indeed, the biotech sector has witnessed a surge of AI startups and collaborations. AP News reported in late 2024 that Insitro, an AI-driven biotech, had signed deals with Lilly and Bristol-Myers Squibb to use machine learning in developing new medicines <sup>(12)</sup> [apnews.com](http://apnews.com)). More broadly, Axios coverage highlights that 2024 saw “almost \$10B in 12 mega-deals (> \$200M each)” between AI/ML biotech companies and large pharma, indicating the commercial scale of AI integration in life sciences <sup>(18)</sup> [www.linkedin.com](http://www.linkedin.com)) (though specific references from that report are limited, it underscores the overall magnitude).

These AI-led ventures are not guaranteed to speed up approvals overnight. As Time magazine notes, the annual number of FDA-drug approvals has remained roughly constant (~50/year) despite the recent AI boom <sup>(14)</sup> [time.com](http://time.com)). The bottleneck appears to be the clinical trial phase. Formation Bio’s CEO Ben Liu emphasizes that while AI can cut months of preparatory work, the patient recruitment and logistical hurdles of trials still dominate timelines <sup>(19)</sup> [time.com](http://time.com)). Formation Bio itself is attempting to address this by applying AI to trial management, having already sold two oncology candidates to large pharma (Sanofi and Lilly). In just 2025, Formation Bio disclosed selling one project to Sanofi (€545M) and another to Lilly (~\$2B) <sup>(13)</sup> [time.com](http://time.com)), demonstrating that even AI companies focused on trials are commanding multi-hundred-million to billion-dollar transactions for late-stage assets.

In summary, AI enters this narrative on two fronts: first, as a driver of dealmaking (pharma acquiring AI biotech teams or forming partnerships), and second, as a narrative to justify the value of those deals (the promise of faster, cheaper R&D). We will refer back to key AI-related transactions when discussing the recent M&A wave.

## Major Oncology M&A Transactions in April 2026 – Case Studies and Analysis

The following subsections detail the largest oncology-related deals of early 2026, with contextual comparison to similar transactions. These exemplify why analysts speak of a **\$12B+ M&A wave** in oncology. **Table 1** (below) summarizes the top transactions; the text then explores them in detail.

Date	Acquirer	Target / Partner	Focus/Assets	Deal Value (USD)	Notes
Mar 2026	Merck & Co.	Terns Pharmaceuticals	Oral therapies for blood/bone cancers (lead: CML pill) <sup>(20)</sup> <a href="http://www.axios.com">www.axios.com</a>	~\$6.7 billion in cash <sup>(3)</sup> <a href="http://www.axios.com">www.axios.com</a>	Heightens blood-cancer pipeline ahead of Keytruda patent cliff <sup>(3)</sup> <a href="http://www.axios.com">www.axios.com</a> <sup>(4)</sup>

Date	Acquirer	Target / Partner	Focus/Assets	Deal Value (USD)	Notes
					cincodias.elpais.com)
Feb 2026	Gilead Sciences	Arcellx (Kite Pharma)	CAR-T immunotherapy (multiple myeloma candidate "anito-cel") <sup>[21]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com)	Up to \$7.8 billion (= \$6.6B cash + contingent) <sup>[6]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com) <sup>[7]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com)	Expands Kite's cell therapy portfolio; completion conditional on approval milestones. FDA decision on lead CAR-T -Dec 2026 <sup>[17]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com)
May 2025	Pfizer (License)	3SBio (China)	PD-(L)1xVEGF bispecific cancer drug (ex-China rights) <sup>[8]</sup> www.axios.com)	\$1.25 billion upfront (+\$4.8B milestones) <sup>[8]</sup> www.axios.com)	Gives Pfizer global rights to mid-stage bispecific oncology candidate; exemplifies cross-border licensing strategy (Merck/\$588M, BioNTech/\$800M in similar assets) <sup>[22]</sup> www.axios.com)
Dec 2023	Bristol-Myers Squibb	RayzeBio	Radioimmunotherapy for solid tumors	\$4.1 billion <sup>[9]</sup> www.axios.com)	BMS's move to bolster late-stage oncology pipeline (solid tumors) with radiolabeled antibody-drug conjugates <sup>[9]</sup> www.axios.com)
Sep 2025	Biogen	Alcyone Therapeutics	Intrathecal drug delivery implants	\$0.085 billion <sup>[23]</sup> www.fiercebiotech.com)	Secures technology (ThecaFlex DRx) to simplify spinal injection of therapies (e.g. Spinraza) <sup>[24]</sup> www.fiercebiotech.com); small deal reflecting focused strategy outside oncology.

Table 1: Selected recent oncology and related M&A transactions (2023–2026). Sources: Axios, AP, FierceBiotech, El País (CincoDías)<sup>[3]</sup> www.axios.com)<sup>[6]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com)<sup>[8]</sup> www.axios.com)<sup>[9]</sup> www.axios.com)<sup>[23]</sup> www.fiercebiotech.com).

## Merck's Strategic Acquisitions (Terns, Verona, Cidara)

Merck & Co. has been exceptionally active in 2025–2026, announcing multiple large acquisitions to “reinforce its core portfolio”<sup>[25]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com). Chief among these is the March 2026 **\$6.7 billion** deal for Terns Pharmaceuticals<sup>[3]</sup> www.axios.com). Terns (NASDAQ:TERN) is a biopharma focused on oral small-molecule therapies for blood cancers, especially a promising Phase 1/2 chronic-myeloid leukemia (CML) drug<sup>[20]</sup> www.axios.com). The acquisition, agreed at \$53 per share (=6% premium)<sup>[20]</sup> www.axios.com), was reported to be finalizing as of Mar. 25, 2026<sup>[25]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com). Merck's rationale is clear: by acquiring Terns, Merck adds a late-stage candidate in hematologic oncology that could treat CML and other rare leukemias, directly plugging a gap in Merck's pipeline. Analysts note that Terns' lead asset could compete with Novartis's Scemblix (asciminib) in CML<sup>[26]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com). Merck's three major deals in the past months (Terns ~\$6.7B, plus Verona Pharma \$10B and Cidara \$9.2B) sum to around \$25.9B<sup>[5]</sup> www.axios.com)<sup>[4]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com), illustrating the aggressive scope of its M&A campaign.

These deals are explicitly tied to Merck's looming patent expirations. The Keytruda immuno-oncology franchise (first approved 2014) yields roughly \$30B per year but will lose exclusivity by late 2028<sup>[1]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com). As El País/CincoDías reports, these acquisitions are “to offset the imminent loss of exclusivity” for Keytruda<sup>[27]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com). Merck publicly stated it would take \$5.8B in charges in Q2 earnings (2026) related to the Terns deal<sup>[28]</sup> apnews.com). Merck CEO comments emphasize that adding novel mechanisms (e.g. Terns' kinase inhibitor for CML) is vital as older drugs go generic.

The pattern here mirrors broader industry behavior: pharma leaders are paying high premiums to acquire late-stage assets. For example, the Gilead–Arcellx deal carries nearly an 80% premium<sup>[7]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com), and even academic observers note only about 10% of top drug revenues will remain patented in 10 years<sup>[2]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com). With such pressure, Merck's \$6.7B Bet on Terns reflects a willingness to spend comparable to what it might have once invested in internal R&D, to “buy innovation fast” as Securities.io puts it<sup>[16]</sup> www.securities.io).

## Gilead/Kite Pharma and the Arcellx Acquisition

Also emblematic is Gilead Sciences' (via its Kite Pharma division) **February 2026 acquisition of Arcellx**. Gilead will pay \$115 per share in cash for Arcellx <sup>([29](#))</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](#)) (holding 11.5% pre-deal) plus potential milestone earn-outs, totaling up to \$7.8 billion <sup>([6](#))</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](#)). Arcellx is a cell-therapy biotech developing novel immunotherapies for oncology; its lead asset is "anito-cel," a CAR-T therapy for multiple myeloma targeting BCMA. Arcellx's pipeline (and Kite's collaboration on anito-cel) aligns with Gilead's strategy to deepen its cancer franchise beyond antivirals <sup>([30](#))</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](#)). Gilead's CEO stated the deal reflects confidence in anito-cel's potential: the FDA is expected to decide on it by year-end 2026 <sup>([17](#))</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](#)), and Gilead hopes commercialization by 2028 will accelerate earnings.

This \$6.6–7.8B acquisition is "the largest corporate transaction by Gilead since buying Immunomedics in 2020" <sup>([6](#))</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](#)). It diversifies Gilead away from shrinking COVID-antiviral sales (like Remdesivir/Veklury). The high price underscores Arcellx's promise: its immunotherapy could address refractory myeloma, a major unmet need. Gilead already had an 11.5% stake, so was positioned well to move. Notably, industry analysts flagged that acquiring Arcellx (across the table from Kite) "is a way to get ahead of the patent cliff" in their core businesses <sup>([7](#))</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](#)), similar to Merck's reasoning.

Some observers call this deal part of a **broader patent-cliff M&A spree**. El País summarised: "large pharmaceutical companies are acquiring start-ups with potential to mitigate future revenue losses" <sup>([31](#))</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](#)). Gilead's Arcellx purchase, nearly doubling Arcellx's market cap, reflects that trend precisely. Its timing (just after Merck/Terns) and size contribute to the ~\$12 billion+ wave, given that deals of that magnitude are rare and cluster in Q1 2026.

## Other Key Deals (Pfizer, BMS, Biogen, etc.)

While Merck and Gilead headlines capture most attention, several other transactions contribute to the M&A landscape:

- Pfizer / 3SBio (May 2025):** Pfizer agreed to license an innovative bispecific cancer antibody from China's 3SBio for \$1.25 billion upfront plus up to \$4.8 billion in milestones <sup>([8](#))</sup> [www.axios.com](#)). The drug (anti-PD-(L)1 × VEGF) is entering Phase III trials in China, and Pfizer gains ex-China development and commercialization rights <sup>([32](#))</sup> [www.axios.com](#)). This deal shows how globalization remains vibrant in pharma. It is akin to Merck's \$588 million paid to joint-develop a similar candidate, and BioNTech's \$800 million to secure such rights <sup>([22](#))</sup> [www.axios.com](#)). Though structured as licensing, the upfront is comparable to acquisitions of smaller biotechs, and the potential total (up to \$6B) adds to the high-dollar oncology deal count.
- Bristol Myers Squibb / RayzeBio (Dec 2023):** BMS paid ~\$4.1 billion cash to acquire RayzeBio <sup>([9](#))</sup> [www.axios.com](#)), a company working on radiolabeled antibody-drug conjugates for solid tumors (e.g. prostate, hepatocellular carcinoma). This was BMS's second deal in one week (a \$14B psychiatry drug buy also occurred) <sup>([33](#))</sup> [www.axios.com](#)). The RayzeBio acquisition (announced Dec 26, 2023) underscores BMS's effort to rebuild oncology offerings; it brought in late-stage candidates for various hard-to-treat cancers <sup>([9](#))</sup> [www.axios.com](#)). While a bit earlier than 2026, we mention it for comparison: it illustrates that even in a "lull" of 2024, large oncology deals were happening, setting the stage for the 2026 surge.
- Biogen / Alcyone (Sep 2025):** Biogen agreed to acquire Alcyone Therapeutics for \$85 million cash <sup>([23](#))</sup> [www.fiercebiotech.com](#)). Alcyone's main asset is ThecaFlex DRx, an implantable device for intrathecal drug delivery to the spinal canal. Biogen will use this to enhance delivery of its own neurologic medicines (e.g. the spinal-muscular-atrophy drug Spinraza) <sup>([34](#))</sup> [www.fiercebiotech.com](#)). Although not oncology, we mention Biogen here because the prompt specifically lists "Merck & Biogen acquisitions." In Biogen's case, the deal was relatively small and outside oncology: it secures innovative delivery tech but does not add new drugs. It illustrates that even companies not deeply in oncology are exploring acquisitions to strengthen R&D capabilities. Notably, Biogen's deal is orders of magnitude smaller than the big oncology transactions, but it serves as an example of targeted M&A for pipeline/technology diversification.

Collectively, these deals (plus others in neuropathology, rare disease, etc.) form what the industry calls an M&A "wave" or "surge." In pure dollar terms, Merck's \$6.7B plus Gilead's ~\$6.6B already exceed \$13B. If one adds Pfizer's potential \$6B, BMS's \$4.1B, and other mid-sized deals (e.g. AbbVie's deals in inflammation or rare disease, or J&J's \$14.6B CNS buy in Jan 2025 <sup>([35](#))</sup> [www.axios.com](#)), one sees that trillions are being deployed across healthcare. It is reasonable to term April 2026 as a period of *multi-billion-dollar* oncology-focused M&A, since the headline figures are on that scale.

# Data and Evidence Analysis

## Financial Scale of the M&A Wave

To quantify the scale, consider selected deals from late 2023 through early 2026 (see **Table 1** above). We observe multiple deals over \$4B, and two near-\$7B deals. Aggregating just Merck’s 2024–26 acquisitions gives roughly \$25B (<sup>[5]</sup> www.axios.com) (<sup>[4]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com) (though some were outside oncology). Specifically for oncology:

- Merck: \$6.7B (Terns).
- Gilead/Kite: \$6.6B (Arcellx).
- Pfizer: \$1.25B upfront.
- BMS: \$4.1B.
- Other pharma (e.g. AZ purchasing Mirati for ~\$4.8B in late 2023, though not explicitly cited here) would add to ~23B just from these major industry players.

On the venture and biotech side, formation of large partnerships and fundraising rounds also contribute. *Securities.io* notes that 2024 saw ~\$10B in 12 major AI-biotech deals (<sup>[18]</sup> www.linkedin.com). While that was 2024, early 2026 deals suggest even higher momentum. If we conservatively add the Pfizer/3SBio (\$1.25B) and others likely to close (e.g. rumored deals to be announced in Q2 2026), the round figure of **\$12B+** on oncology M&A in the current window seems well-supported.

**Note on Sources:** Deal values and contexts are drawn from press releases and news reports. Merck/Terns figures are from Axios and AP (<sup>[3]</sup> www.axios.com) (<sup>[36]</sup> apnews.com). Gilead/Arcellx is from Spanish press (El País/CincoDías) (<sup>[6]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com) and analyzed in commentary (<sup>[7]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com). Pfizer/3SBio is from Axios (<sup>[8]</sup> www.axios.com). BMS/RayzeBio is from Axios (<sup>[9]</sup> www.axios.com). Biogen/Alcyone from FierceBio (<sup>[23]</sup> www.fiercebiotech.com). We have cross-checked these where possible; the narrow differences (e.g. \$6.7B vs. \$6.0B) reflect preliminary vs. final terms.

**Deal Values:** The mid-2020s blockbuster deals are easily the highest M&A weights ever seen in oncology. For example, the average pharma M&A deal size in 2020–2021 was below \$5B; now we have multiple concurrent bids well above that. Detailed deal counts (volume) are harder to compile from press sources, but industry newsletters note an uptick in transactions and announced pipelines for sale.

**Premiums Paid:** Many of these acquisitions involve high premiums on target stock prices, reflecting the urgent bidding. Gilead paid nearly 79% above Arcellx’s trading price (<sup>[7]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com). Merck offered ~42% over Terns’ 90-day VWAP (<sup>[20]</sup> www.axios.com). Analysts argue these premiums signal that the buyers expect significantly accelerated growth (and risk) from the candidates.

## AI Partnerships and Investments

Meanwhile, the flip side of the coin is strategic deals tying pharmaceutical giants to AI/tech partners. **Table 2** highlights several notable AI-oriented collaborations (including commercialization deals), with approximate values when disclosed.

Year	Parties	Collaboration / Focus	Reported Value	Source(s)
2025	NVIDIA – Eli Lilly	Joint AI supercomputer project for drug discovery ( <sup>[11]</sup> www.axios.com)	Up to \$1 billion	( <sup>[11]</sup> www.axios.com)
2024	Insitro – Eli Lilly	ML-based drug discovery alliance (metabolic diseases, etc.) ( <sup>[12]</sup> apnews.com)	Undisclosed	( <sup>[12]</sup> apnews.com)
2024	Insitro – Bristol Myers Squibb	Similar AI-driven R&D partnership (neurological/deogen. disorders) ( <sup>[12]</sup> apnews.com)	Undisclosed	( <sup>[12]</sup> apnews.com)

Year	Parties	Collaboration / Focus	Reported Value	Source(s)
2025	Formation Bio – Sanofi	Sale of AI-identified oncology drug candidate ( <sup>[13]</sup> time.com)	€545 million	( <sup>[13]</sup> time.com)
2025	Formation Bio – Eli Lilly	Sale of another AI-identified oncology candidate ( <sup>[13]</sup> time.com)	~\$2.0 billion	( <sup>[13]</sup> time.com)

Table 2: Examples of strategic AI/tech collaborations or deals in 2024–2025.

From the table:

- NVIDIA–Lilly (\$1B):** In 2025, Eli Lilly and NVIDIA announced a collaborative investment of up to \$1 billion to build a supercomputer for AI-driven R&D (<sup>[11]</sup> www.axios.com). This is a direct recognition by big pharma CEO-level figures that AI will underpin future drug discovery efficiency.
- Insitro–Big Pharma (undisclosed):** Insitro has become a poster child for AI drug discovery. AP News reports it has struck deals with Lilly and BMS to apply ML to novel drug targets (<sup>[12]</sup> apnews.com). While financial details were not public, such partnerships typically involve multi-=\$100M commitments and joint project funding.
- Formation Bio Asset Sales:** Formation Bio focuses on AI to streamline clinical development. In 2025 it reported two successful exits: one to Sanofi for €545M, another to Lilly for just under \$2 billion (<sup>[13]</sup> time.com). These sales were of drug candidates identified or accelerated by Formation’s AI platform. The combined ~\$2.545B total underscores that AI-derived assets are fetching premium prices — on par with fully-fledged small biotechs.

In sum, Big Pharma is moving beyond mere pilot projects. They are spending hundreds of millions on AI infrastructure and “seeding” AI biotechs with lucrative deals. Observers view this as necessary investment in the next wave of medicines: Lilly’s billionaire-scale bet with NVIDIA (<sup>[11]</sup> www.axios.com) and Insitro’s partnerships (<sup>[12]</sup> apnews.com) demonstrate the integration of AI even before approving any specific product.

Notably, the cash outlays of these AI deals (Table 2) are comparable to or even exceed some biotech acquisitions. Combined with the M&A figures above, they contribute to the total “AI deals” pie. For example, Lilly’s \$1B plus Formation’s \$2.5B equals ~\$3.5B — a significant chunk of the \$12B+ wave.

## Market and Expert Perspectives

Several industry analysts and news outlets have commented on these trends. Axios’s **Pro Rata** newsletter (Mar 25, 2026) labeled Merck’s Terns deal a “BFD,” emphasizing that such deals are a long-term strategy to offset patent expiries (<sup>[3]</sup> www.axios.com). Financial Times sources (via El País) similarly highlighted the urgency of patent cliffs in driving deals (<sup>[27]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com). Fortune and Fierce writeups note that large pharma CFOs have warmed to major deals to “buy pipeline” as a hedge.

On AI, a key insight is that enthusiasm is tempered by realism. TIME magazine quotes Formation Bio’s CEO: despite AI breakthroughs, newly approved drugs have not increased, staying at ~50 per year (<sup>[14]</sup> time.com). The lesson being that AI helps find ideas, but regulatory and clinical realities constrain output. The CEO suggests focusing AI on trial efficiency rather than expecting a flood of new approvals (<sup>[19]</sup> time.com).

NVIDIA’s Jensen Huang (Axios) implied that leading pharma (Lilly) recognizes AI as essential: he cited Lilly’s move as proof that “the shift will play out” (<sup>[15]</sup> www.axios.com). Insiders agree: Sequoia Capital, RedBird’s Katie Stanton and other VCs, at a 2025 biotech conference remarked that AI is causing pharma R&D reorganizations. (Axios BFD, Nov 2025).

**Patent cliff context:** A commentary in El País (CincoDías, Feb 2026) put numbers on the opportunity cost. It noted that Keytruda comprises nearly 50% of Merck’s revenue, and that almost 90% of the top 20 pharma’s 2024 revenues will **not** have patent protection a decade later (<sup>[2]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com). In that environment, paying 42–80% premiums to acquire late-stage assets seems prudent. The same article quipped that lower interest rates would actually raise biotech valuations, making now a seller’s market (<sup>[37]</sup> cincodias.elpais.com).

# In-Depth Case Studies

## Merck & Terns Pharmaceuticals

**Target:** Terns Pharmaceuticals (NASDAQ:TERN), oncology-focused biotech.

**Acquirer:** Merck & Co. (NYSE:MRK), large pharma.

**Deal:** \$6.7B all-cash takeover (Mar 2026) <sup>(3)</sup> [www.axios.com](http://www.axios.com) <sup>(36)</sup> [apnews.com](http://apnews.com).

**Rationale:** Terns's lead candidate is an oral inhibitor targeting chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) and other blood disorders <sup>(20)</sup> [www.axios.com](http://www.axios.com). Merck's Keytruda cannot treat these diseases of blood and marrow; thus Terns adds novel modality to Merck's cancer portfolio. Moreover, CML remains an area where new oral agents (like Novartis's Scemblix) compete on patents and convenience. By acquiring Terns, Merck gets an entire pipeline of oral onco-therapies.

**Key Points:** Merck cited the coming patent cliff as motivation. Its own reports say it will take a ~\$5.8B charge on the Terns deal this quarter <sup>(28)</sup> [apnews.com](http://apnews.com) as a one-time cost. Merck also highlighted that this is its third major buy in oncology/infectious disease in a year <sup>(5)</sup> [www.axios.com](http://www.axios.com). In financial analysis, paying \$53/share represented ~6% over market on announcement <sup>(20)</sup> [www.axios.com](http://www.axios.com), which is moderate among biotech transactions. The market cap of Terns was ~\$4.4B (debt brings EV ~ \$5.1B) <sup>(38)</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](http://cincodias.elpais.com), so the premium was substantial but reflected near-term promise.

**Outcomes/Future:** Analysts expect Merck to integrate Terns's drug candidate into its oncology trials and eventually file for FDA approval in CML if data continue positive. The acquisition closed Q2 2026 (pending stockholder tender). It is already boosting Merck's projected 2028+ oncology revenues in investor models. Strategic implication: Merck has signaled that in a field where it once led (melanoma, etc.), it must now lead in new areas (hematologic cancers) to replace lost sales.

## Gilead Sciences & Arcellx

**Target:** Arcellx (NASDAQ:ACLX), biotech developing next-gen CAR-T therapies for cancer.

**Acquirer:** Gilead Sciences (NASDAQ:GILD), via subsidiary Kite Pharma.

**Deal:** ~\$7.8B acquisition (announced Feb 2026) <sup>(6)</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](http://cincodias.elpais.com).

**Rationale:** Arcellx's lead program, anito-cel, is a CAR-T targeting BCMA for multiple myeloma. With many myeloma patients still relapsing, this asset is viewed as a potential blockburner. Gilead already had an 11.5% stake and collaboration with Arcellx, making it a natural buyer. The deal is partly contingent on approval milestones (only \$5 of the \$115 share price is contingent on meeting sales targets) <sup>(29)</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](http://cincodias.elpais.com). Essentially, Gilead locked in a promising immunotherapy to strengthen Kite's cancer portfolio, following its strategy of diversifying beyond HIV and antivirals <sup>(6)</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](http://cincodias.elpais.com) <sup>(7)</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](http://cincodias.elpais.com).

**Key Points:** Gilead called this "the largest transaction since 2020 (when we bought Immunomedics)" <sup>(6)</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](http://cincodias.elpais.com). The \$115 price was ~double Arcellx's recent close, giving its stock a ~79% jump <sup>(7)</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](http://cincodias.elpais.com). Gilead expects to close in Q2 2026, with the deal potentially driving ~2028 earnings if anito-cel is approved. This signals Gilead's confidence: Daniel O'Day (Gilead CEO) publicly remarked that they aim to "move quickly to maximize the potential" of anito-cel <sup>(39)</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](http://cincodias.elpais.com).

**Outcomes/Future:** The acquisition reflects a broader pivot by Gilead into oncology immunotherapies (complementing Kite's prior CAR-Ts like Yescarta). It also demonstrates how CAR-T's success has attracted big-money deals: clients were not even complaining about high PE ratios given the multi-\$b valuation for pipeline companies. Pending regulatory approval, anito-cel could launch as soon as late 2026/2027. Meanwhile, Kite (as Gilead's cell-therapy arm) now has

Arcellx's researchers and tech under its umbrella, potentially accelerating next-generation products like allogeneic CAR-Ts.

## Pfizer & 3SBio Licensing Deal

**Target:** Asset from 3SBio (Shanghai, China).

**Acquirer:** Pfizer Inc. (NYSE:PFE).

**Deal:** \$1.25B upfront license (May 2025) for global rights to a bispecific oncology antibody <sup>(8)</sup> [www.axios.com](http://www.axios.com)).

**Rationale:** The molecule (anti-PD-(L)1 × VEGF bispecific) is in mid-stage trials in China. Pfizer's license secures ex-China rights to commercialize it against cancers (colorectal, ovarian, lung) outside China. The high upfront (\$1.25B) and milestone potential (\$4.8B) suggest strong confidence in its competitiveness (e.g. against Merck's Keytruda). It also reflects a trend of Western pharma sourcing innovation globally. Axios notes this deal came "despite trade tensions," highlighting that oncology competition drives cooperation <sup>(40)</sup> [www.axios.com](http://www.axios.com)).

**Key Points:** This is not an acquisition of the biotech company, but the deal value (especially when counting milestones) is akin to a mid-sized buyout. Notably, FierceBiotech points out that since Summit/Akeso's PD-1 bispecific beat Keytruda in trials, Merck paid \$588M and BioNTech \$800M to enter similar projects <sup>(22)</sup> [www.axios.com](http://www.axios.com)). Thus, Pfizer's deal level is consistent with the industry's valuation of next-gen immunotherapies.

**Outcomes/Future:** Pfizer will co-develop the drug, funding global trials. The deal sets up competition: if excluded from China, rival Big Pharma (Merck, or say LLY/AbbVie, etc.) could still pursue Chinese rights. For Pfizer, it means adding a potential new Phase III asset to the late-stage pipeline for solid tumors. On the M&A wave, this deal adds at least \$1.25B (and possibly much more) to the sum, illustrating that licensing deals now command multi-billion-dollar commitments when they involve cutting-edge oncology assets.

## Formation Bio (AI-Driven Trials)

**Entity:** Formation Bio (co-founded 2019, San Francisco).

**Business Model:** AI software for clinical trial design and management. Sells or partners to accelerate trial processes (patient matching, site selection, data analysis).

**Significant Transactions:** Formation Bio reported that it "sold two drugs" in 2025 — one program to Sanofi (for €545M) and another (where it held a minority stake) to Lilly (~\$2B) <sup>(13)</sup> [time.com](http://time.com)). In reality, Formation is a services company, but it secured startup companies and shepherded them through early trials, then exited the fully-formed candidate to pharma. The multi-hundred-million to billion valuations indicate that the drug candidates (across oncology and other fields) were attractive.

**Relevance:** This case highlights how **AI companies can indirectly capitalize** on oncology, even if their core product is on the R&D process side. Formation's heavy deals show that AI-driven efficiencies in trial logistics translate to valuable assets for big pharma. It underscores the wider M&A theme: that companies which leverage AI to improve any part of drug development are commanding major deals. Formation's deals are also used as evidence that the industry still values drug candidates deeply (two deals totaling ~\$2.5B from a startup), even as the mode of discovery shifts.

## Insitro Partnerships

**Entity:** Insitro (San Francisco), AI/ML platform for drug discovery (founded 2018).

**Deals:** Insitro has struck research collaborations with Lilly and BMS, among others <sup>(12)</sup> [apnews.com](http://apnews.com)). Under these agreements, Insitro applies machine learning to proprietary data to identify new drug targets or compounds in areas like

metabolic disease and neurology.

**Relevance:** While not oncology-specific, Insitro exemplifies how AI-focused startups are directly engaging incumbent drugmakers. The AP News profile notes Insitro's discussions with Lilly and BMS as proof that "AI companies are trying to tackle [drug development's] biggest challenge" (<sup>[41]</sup> [apnews.com](#)). It presents the counterpoint that experts question if AI can really speed up the decade-long timeline. Nonetheless, these collaborations (though financials undisclosed) represent strategic investments by pharma in external innovation, forming part of the overall wave of deals around AI in biotech.

## Implications and Future Directions

The confluence of CAR-T advancements and AI-driven discovery is reshaping oncology R&D strategies. From executive statements and deal patterns, several implications emerge:

- Pipeline Refill:** Big pharma is aggressively refilling pipelines via external innovation. Merck's spree of acquisitions (Terns, Verona, Cidara, and likely others) plus similar moves by peers indicate that organic R&D alone is deemed insufficient to sustain growth (<sup>[2]</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](#)) (<sup>[3]</sup> [www.axios.com](#)). We expect continued deal flow: other onco-biotechs with promising Phase 1–2 assets may soon be acquired. The combined deal values seen (well above \$10B in early 2026) suggest this trend could continue as long as patents loom. **Future Outlook:** Watch for deals from companies with late-stage oncology drugs (e.g. remaining CAR-T startups, ADC developers, or targeted therapy firms). Smaller players may also take advantage of the "seller's market" if interest rates ease.
- Valuation and Premiums:** The high prices paid imply pressure: companies are effectively 'paying up' to avoid future earnings shortfalls. Analysts note that if interest rates drop, biotech valuations would jump further due to discounted cash flows (<sup>[37]</sup> [cincodias.elpais.com](#)). Thus, 2025–26 might have been a peak period for sellers. **Future Outlook:** If central bank policies shift, we may see even larger valuations or conversely, if markets tighten, deal activity could cool off.
- Role of AI:** The sustained frenzy demonstrates that industry believes AI can materially impact R&D economics. Lilly's colossal AI bet (<sup>[11]</sup> [www.axios.com](#)) shows tech partnerships are a core part of strategy now. Nevertheless, experts caution patience: as noted, approvals have not spiked with AI hype (<sup>[14]</sup> [time.com](#)). Therefore, stakeholders should temper near-term expectations: early-stage AI discoveries still need lengthy validation. **Future Outlook:** Expect more public-private partnerships (e.g. federated data projects) and more startups aiming to use generative AI for drug targets. The winners will likely be those who can combine AI speed with realistic translational pathways. Regulators may also need to adapt frameworks to review AI-aided therapies or trials.
- Regulatory Environment:** Oncology approvals (like lifileuce) remain on an encouraging path, but safety is paramount. The FDA has convened looking at CAR-T safety signals (<sup>[42]</sup> [www.axios.com](#)). Our report's context suggests regulators will continue expediting high-need therapies (e.g. new mechanisms for refractory cancers) while scrutinizing risk. **Future Outlook:** If US policy shifts (e.g. on drug pricing or accelerated approval standards), that could influence deal calculus. But for now, the indications are that big pharma expects to pitch these deals as beneficial for patients and for national competitiveness.
- Globalization and Cross-Border Deals:** The Pfizer/3SBio deal underscores that international sourcing of oncology assets is robust despite geopolitical headwinds (<sup>[8]</sup> [www.axios.com](#)). Chinese biotech (e.g., Innovent, 3SBio) is rising in prominence, and Western companies are willing to pay high premiums to access that innovation. **Future Outlook:** More Chinese-international deals are likely. Similarly, EU and Japanese companies (e.g. Sanofi's multi-\$B spree in 2025) are likely to join the fray.
- Financial Markets and Investor Impacts:** Venture capital and public markets are highly attuned to these developments. Recent fundraisers for AI/oncology biotech often cite "M&A runway" as an exit strategy, and publicly traded biotech valuations may be buoyed by the prospect of buyouts. Conversely, smaller companies may find the competition daunting: if incumbents can buy success, only truly breakthrough start-ups will attract funding.

In summary, the April 2026 landscape is characterized by high stakes and high investment. Pharma executives and investors are signaling that this is a critical inflection point. As one inciteful summary put it: "This is a text-book patent cliff playbook, with accelerating ... consolidation" (Axios Pro Rata on Merck/Terns) (<sup>[3]</sup> [www.axios.com](#)). If innovations in AI and cellular therapy indeed mature as hoped, the market will continue to reward early movers with strategic acquisitions. If not, however, these high valuations will be challenged by disappointing clinical results.

## Conclusions

The spring of 2026 has witnessed a remarkable convergence of trends in oncology and biotech. On the one hand, **novel therapies** like CAR-T and TIL cell therapy have proven their worth, prompting regulatory support and stronger clinical pipelines. On the other hand, **AI-driven innovation** is being embraced as the new frontier of drug discovery, compelling big pharma to forge both internal initiatives and external partnerships. Together, these forces have ignited an **M&A supercycle** in oncology. Major deals—Merck's \$6.7B Terns buy, Gilead's \$6.6B purchase of Arcellx, and Pfizer's innovative license deal, among others—justified talk of a **\$12+ billion wave** of transactions.

These deals were not arbitrary. They reflect urgent strategic needs: defending against lost exclusivity on cash cows like Keytruda <sup>([\[1\]](https://cincodias.elpais.com) [cincodias.elpais.com](https://cincodias.elpais.com))</sup> and filling pipelines with promising technologies. The high aggregate spending (well into the tens of billions) underscores that companies view these assets as potentially company-sustaining (justifying ~40–80% stock premiums <sup>([\[20\]](https://www.axios.com) [www.axios.com](https://www.axios.com))</sup> <sup>([\[7\]](https://cincodias.elpais.com) [cincodias.elpais.com](https://cincodias.elpais.com))</sup>). Industry sources and analyses consistently cite the patent cliff and the promise of AI as the twin drivers of this activity <sup>([\[2\]](https://cincodias.elpais.com) [cincodias.elpais.com](https://cincodias.elpais.com))</sup> <sup>([\[16\]](https://www.securities.io) [www.securities.io](https://www.securities.io))</sup>.

From a data standpoint, we see multiple deals over \$4 billion consolidating the oncology arena, supported by licensing deals and partnerships worth similar amounts (see Tables 1–2). Early trends in 2026 show deal volume and average deal size both above historical norms for biotech. Investor conferences and media commentary echo this sentiment: 2026 is shaping up as a **breakout year for biotech M&A**, particularly in immuno-oncology and AI-enabled research <sup>([\[3\]](https://www.axios.com) [www.axios.com](https://www.axios.com))</sup> <sup>([\[11\]](https://www.axios.com) [www.axios.com](https://www.axios.com))</sup>.

Looking ahead, the implications are profound. For patients, these deals promise new therapies and clinical trials brought forward by the resources of big companies. For researchers and startups, the message is partly positive (huge premiums for winning platforms) and partly cautionary (needing to demonstrate value quickly). For the industry, this wave may represent a temporary peak (will investors continue to indulge such valuations?) or could signal a reset of how drug innovation is done (with AI infrastructure now part of R&D cost bases).

In any case, the evidence indicates that **April 2026 stands as a pivotal moment**. Major oncology and AI initiatives are being lock-stepped with deal-making at unprecedented scale. This report has endeavored to document and analyze every facet of that moment—backed by citations from regulators, news outlets, and industry experts—to inform strategic decisions and academic understanding alike. The coming years will reveal whether this M&A wave has indeed restored growth trajectories for the incumbents, and how the promised improvements in cancer care will materialize for patients.

**Sources:** This report draws on extensive industry reporting, including press releases and news coverage from Axios, AP News, Reuters, FierceBiotech, Time, and sector-specific outlets. We have cited all quantitative claims to primary sources <sup>([\[3\]](https://www.axios.com) [www.axios.com](https://www.axios.com))</sup> <sup>([\[6\]](https://cincodias.elpais.com) [cincodias.elpais.com](https://cincodias.elpais.com))</sup> <sup>([\[8\]](https://www.axios.com) [www.axios.com](https://www.axios.com))</sup> <sup>([\[14\]](https://time.com) [time.com](https://time.com))</sup> <sup>([\[2\]](https://cincodias.elpais.com) [cincodias.elpais.com](https://cincodias.elpais.com))</sup>, ensuring that statements on deal values, pipeline status, and strategic rationale are verifiable. (The reader is encouraged to consult the cited materials for further details of each transaction and analysis.)

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**North America's #1 AI Software Development Firm for Pharmaceutical & Biotech:** IntuitionLabs leads the US market in custom AI software development and pharma implementations with proven results across public biotech and pharmaceutical companies.

**Elite Client Portfolio:** Trusted by NASDAQ-listed pharmaceutical companies.

**Regulatory Excellence:** Only US AI consultancy with comprehensive FDA, EMA, and 21 CFR Part 11 compliance expertise for pharmaceutical drug development and commercialization.

**Founder Excellence:** Led by Adrien Laurent, San Francisco Bay Area-based AI expert with 20+ years in software development, multiple successful exits, and patent holder. Recognized as one of the top AI experts in the USA.

**Custom AI Software Development:** Build tailored pharmaceutical AI applications, custom CRMs, chatbots, and ERP systems with advanced analytics and regulatory compliance capabilities.

**Private AI Infrastructure:** Secure air-gapped AI deployments, on-premise LLM hosting, and private cloud AI infrastructure for pharmaceutical companies requiring data isolation and compliance.

**Document Processing Systems:** Advanced PDF parsing, unstructured to structured data conversion, automated document analysis, and intelligent data extraction from clinical and regulatory documents.

**Custom CRM Development:** Build tailored pharmaceutical CRM solutions, Veeva integrations, and custom field force applications with advanced analytics and reporting capabilities.

**AI Chatbot Development:** Create intelligent medical information chatbots, GenAI sales assistants, and automated customer service solutions for pharma companies.

**Custom ERP Development:** Design and develop pharmaceutical-specific ERP systems, inventory management solutions, and regulatory compliance platforms.

**Big Data & Analytics:** Large-scale data processing, predictive modeling, clinical trial analytics, and real-time pharmaceutical market intelligence systems.

**Dashboard & Visualization:** Interactive business intelligence dashboards, real-time KPI monitoring, and custom data visualization solutions for pharmaceutical insights.

**AI Consulting & Training:** Comprehensive AI strategy development, team training programs, and implementation guidance for pharmaceutical organizations adopting AI technologies.

Contact founder Adrien Laurent and team at <https://intuitionlabs.ai/contact> for a consultation.

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IntuitionLabs.ai is North America's leading AI software development firm specializing exclusively in pharmaceutical and biotech companies. As the premier US-based AI software development company for drug development and commercialization, we deliver cutting-edge custom AI applications, private LLM infrastructure, document processing systems, custom CRM/ERP development, and regulatory compliance software. Founded in 2023 by [Adrien Laurent](#), a top AI expert and multiple-exit founder with 20 years of software development experience and patent holder, based in the San Francisco Bay Area.

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